## The Goodland Republic.

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The Points in Dispute With Great Britain and Other Countries.

Figuretal Situation Dwett on at Length-The Bond Issues Heviewed-Free Silver Declared a Menace to Financial Stability.

Washington, Dec. 3.-The president sent in the following message to con-

Foreign Relations.

10 to

The present assemblage of the legislative branch of our government occurs at a time when the interests of our people and the needs of the country give especial prominence to the condition of our foreign relations and the exigencies of our national distances. The reports of the heads of the several administrative departments of the government folly and plainly exhibit what has been accomplished within the scope of their respective duties and present such recommendations for the betterand intelligent labor and observations suggest I therefore does no cleantive duty adequately performed at this time by presenting to concress the important phases of our sixpation as related to our intercourse with foreign nutions, and a statement of the financial proplems which confront us, omitting except us't they are related to these topics, any reference to departmental operations. I carnestly in-d vite, however, not only the careful consideration, but the severely critical anentiny of that congress and my fellow countrymen to the ver-pers concerning these departmental operations if justly and fairly exam-ined they furnish proof of assiduous and palmataking effort for the public welfare. I pross the recommendations they contain upon the respectful attention of those charged with the cuty of legislation, because I believe their adoption would promote the people's

By amendatory legislation in January last, the Argentine Republic, recognizing the value of the large market opened to the free impor-tations of its wool under the last tariff act has admitted certain products of the United States to entry at reduced duties. It is pleasing to note that the efforts we have made to enlarge the exchanges of trade on a sound basis of mutual benefit are in this instance appreciated by the country from which our woolen facto-

ries draw their needful supply of raw material.
The missions' boundary dispute between the Argentine Republic and Brazil, referred to the president of the United States as arbitrator during the term of my predecessor and which was submitted to me for determination reaulted in an award in favor of Brazil upon the istorical and documentary evidence presented. thus ending a long protracted controversy and again demonstrating the window and desirabillity of settling international boundary disputes by recourse to friendly arbitration. Negotiations are progressing for a savival of the United States and Chilian customs commission, whose work was abruptly terminated time within which awards could be made

The resumption of specie payments by Chili-is a step of interest and importance, both in its nonequences upon her own welfare as ciples in one of the most influential of the South American republics.

The close of the momentous struggle be tween China and Japan, while relieving the diplomatic agents of this government from the deficate duty they undertook at request of both countries of rendering such service to subjects of either beilligerest within the territorin Limits teveloped a comestic condition in the Chinese empire which any caused much aexisty and called for prompt and cureful attention. Either as a result of a work control by the behtral government over the provincial ad-ministrations following a diminution of tra-Altimal government authority under the stress of an overwhelming nutional disaster, or a manifestation upon good spructualty of foreign warn and audertakings, there have decurred in widely separated provinces of fination apint a what foreigners which inchesked by the local authorities, if no actually conniver in by them have culminated in mobilitacks on foreign mi-sionary stations, causing much decreased in property and attended with rerectal injuries as well as the original injuries as well as the original injuries. loss of life. Although but one American citied, and nithough the destruction of properly may have fallen more heavily upon the misalenaries of other unitomalities than our own, it plurate behooved this government to take most prompt and decided astion to guard against similar or perhaps more dreadful ca-tamities befulling the hundreds of American mission stations which have grown up throughout the interior of Chica under the temperate rule of toleration, custom and imperint edics. The demands of the United States and other powers for the degradation and punishment of the responsible officials of the respective cities and provinces who by neglect or otherwise had permitted optising and for the adoption of stern measures by the emperor's government for the protection of the by the disgrape and dismissal of certain pro-vincial officials found derellet in duty, and the munlahment by death of a number of those adjudged guilty of setual participation in the out-

This government also insisted that a special American commission should visit the province where the first disturbances occurred for the purpose of investigation. This latter commisalon formed after much opposition has gone overland from Tien Tsin, accompanied by a suitable Chinese escort, and by its demonstration of the readiness and ability of our govern-Heven, as a most influential deterrent of any similar outbreaks. The energetic steps that have thus far been taken are all the more like-China, because the importal government is, I am persuaded eathrety convinced that we desire only the liberty and protection of our own citizens and redress for any wrongs they may have suffered, and that we have no ulterior designs or objects, political or otherwise. China will not ferget either our kindly service to her citiens during her late way, nor the further fact that white furnishing all the facilities at cur command to further the negotiation of peace between her and Japan we sought no advantages and interposed to evented. The governments of both Culms and Japan bave in special dispatches transmitted through their respective diplomatic representatives exd in a most pleasing man-their grateful appreciation of our assistance to their citizens during the unhanny struggle and of the value of our aid in paylog the way to their resumption of peace-

. The customary cordial relations between this country and France have been undisturied, with the exception that a full explanation of the treatment of John I. Walter by the expeditionary military authorities of France still remains to be given. Mr. Waller, formerly United States nonsol at Tamatave, resolved in Medagascar after his term of office expired, and was apparently agreemful in procuring business consessions from the Horas of greater or has value. After the occupation of Tamative and the declaration of markini law by the French has proved to a furcious by any European sus accessed upon various charges, smoon power of the territorial go terri convicted by a callifacty tribunal and bea-tered to twenty for lampid amount. The

beganization of the court, the charges as for-mulated and the general course and result of the trial and by which it is shown that the neused was tried in open court and was defend-The Chief Executive Sends in His of to counsel But the evidence address in Communication to Congress,

Communication to Congress,

THE GOVERNMENT FOREIGN POLICY

OUTLINED.

COMMUNICATION OF THE STATE OF THE STA demand would establish a bad procedent. The consider word residence in the procure it, however, though impaded by recent changes in the French ministry, have not been relaxed and it is confidently expected that some satisfactory solution of the matter will be reached. Meanwhile it uppears that Mr. Wallers' confinement has every alleviation which the state of his health and all the other circumstances of the case demand or permit. In agreeable contrast to the difference above noted respecting a matter of common concern, where nothing is sought except such a muttally, satisfactory outcome as the true more to the case require, is the recent resolution of the French chambors favor-ing the concideion of a permanent treaty of ar-

bitration between the two countries An invitation has been extended by France to the government and people of the United States to participate in the great national exposition at Paris in 1896-1900 as the saltable commemoration of the close of this, the world's marvelous century of progress. Theoretiy recommend the acceptance together with such logislation as will adequately provide for a due representation of this government and its peo-

Our relation with the states of the German empire are in some aspects typical of a con-dition of things eisewhere found to a country whose productions and trade are similar to our own. The close rivalries of competing industries; the influence of the delusive doctrine that the internal davelopment of a nation is promoted and its wealth increased by a policy which, in undertaking to reserve its home markets for the ex-clusive use of its own producers, necessarily

obstructs their sales in foreign markets and world; the destre to retain trade in time-work ruts, regardless of the inexorable laws of new needs and changed conditions of demand and supply, and our own halting tardiness in inviting a free exchange of commodities and by this markets naturally open to us, have created a situation somewhat injurious to American export interests, not only in Germany, where they are perhaps most noticeable, but in adjacent countries. The exports affected are largely American cattle and other food products, the reason assigned for unfavorable discrimination being that their consumption is deleterious to the public health. This is all the more irritating in view of the fact that no European state is as jenious of the excellence and wholesome-ness of its exported food supplies as the United States, nor so easily able on account of inherent soundness, to guarantee these qualities. Nor are these difficulties confined to our food products designed for exportation. Our great insurance companies, for example, having built up a vast business abroad and

invested a large share of their gains in foreign countries in compli-ance with the local laws and regulations then existing now flud themselves within a marrowing circle of onerous and unforescent of retirement from a field thus made unprofit-able. If indeed, they are not summarily exnational trade cannot be one sided. Its currents are alternating and its movements should be honestly reciprocal.

Our relations with Great Britain, always intimate and important, have demanded, during the past year, even a greater share of couquestions were left undetermined by the de-The application of the principles laid down by that august body has not been followed by the results they were intended to accomplish, either because the principles themselves belief is breadth and definiteness or because their execution has been more or less imper-teet. Much correspondence has been exchanged between the two governments on the subject of preventing the exterminating slaughter of scala For insufficiency of the British paired of the Boaring sea under the regulations agreed on duty during this season in these waters. The need of a more effective coferement of existing regulations, as well as the adoption of such additional regulations as experience has shown to be absolutely necessary to carry out the in-test of the award, have been carnestly urged upon the British government, but thus far that onless their slaughter is at once effectively thocked their estinction within a few years seems to be a matter of absolute resisinty. The understanding by which the United States reas to pay and Great Britain to receive a lump num of \$125,000 to full settlement of all Hritish claims for damages arising from our salance of British scaling vessels enauthorized under the award of the Paris tribunal of artitration was clined to make the necessary appropriation. I am still of the opinion that this arrangement was a judicious and advantageous one for the government, and I carnestly recommend that he again considered and sanctioned. congress, it certainly will hardly dissent from the proposition that the government is bound by every consideration of honor and good faith to provide for the speedy adjustment of these claims by arbitration as the only other alternative. A treaty of arbitration has, therefore, been agreed upon and will be immediately laid

The completion of the preliminary survey of that Alaskan boundary which follows the con four of the coast from the southernmost point of Prince of Wales island until it strikes the 141st meridian at or near the summit of Mount St. Elias awaits further, necessary appropriation, which is urgently recommended. This convention entered into by this country and threat Britain July 24, 1882, and the supplementary convention of February 5, 1834. As to the remaining section of the Alaskan boundary, which follows the 1818; meridian northwardly from Minist St. Elias to the frozen ocean the estalement of which involves the physical location of the meridian mentioned.

no conventional agreement has not been made.

I call attention to the unsatisfactory delianation of the respective jurisdictions of the United States and the Duminion of Canada in the great lakes at the approaches to the narrow waters that connect them. The waters In question are frequented by fishermen of both nationalities and their nets are there used. Owing to the uncertainty and ignorance as to the true boundary vexatious disputes and injurious seizures of boats and note by Cuna-dian cruisers often occur, while any positive settlement thereof by an accepted standard is not easy to be remoked

Is being apparent that the boundary disputs between Great British and the republic of Venezuela, concerning the finite of British Guians was approaching an acute slage, a definite statement of the interest and policy of the United States as regards the controversy accused to be required, both on its own secount and in view of its relations with the friendly powers directly concerned. In July last therefore, a dispatch was dressed to our ambassador at Le for communication to the British soverement. in walch the attitude of the United States was fully and distinctly set forth. The general Hahad polloy of this government is armly opcontinents that this policy is so well summed. In principle as it is strongly supported by the merger procedure; that as a consequence by Ugital State is bound to broken are by its the Sameron of the unes of British Cuizza in directly in the right of the unes of British Cuizza in directly in the right of the british the right of Westerney as the or by the right of the right of the strongly in the right of the right.

to 1978, now exists in a large part of the esstern interior of the island, momenta even some populations on the coast. Beside derauging the exchanges of the island, of which our country takes the predominant share, this fiagrant condition of hostilities by agnosing sentimental sympathy and inciting saventurous support among our people, has establed earnest effort the prevention the part of this government to enforce over denne to our neutrality laws and to prevent the territory of the Reita State of the Period State of the territory of the United States from being act had been cassed directing large govern-abused as a unidage ground from which to aid mental monthly purchases of silver than but these in arms against Spoulab soverchalty.

and greater treation, dispenses he such sympas. Hen of the secretary of the treasury, it was, the naturally must be in terms of our ceighthe naturally must be in certain of our reighbor, yet the plain duty of their government
is to observe in good faith the recognized obligations of international relationship. The
gerformance of this duty should not be made
more diments by a disregard on the part of our
cliftens of the obligations growing out of their
allegiance to their country, which should restrain them from violating as individuals, the
neutrality which the nation of which they are
members is bound to observe in its relations
to friendly sovereign states. Though neither
the way of the use of the obligation of which they are
members is bound to observe in its relations
to friendly sovereign states. Though neither
the way of the use of the gold dollar, the acmatter of the stream of the gold dollar, the acmatter of the surgents, nor our loss and material. Cubba Insurgents, nor our loss and material damogo consequences would be precipitated by affirming or accommuting damogo consequent upon the futile endeavors that far made to restore peace and order, nor any shock our burnane sensibiles may have received from the crucities waich appear to especially characterize this sunguinary and agreed to deplate it.

These obligations are the instruments which ever since we have had a gold reserve, have to especially characterize this sunguinary and agreed to deplate it. menor conducted war gave in the least shad-en the Getermination of the government to homestly fulfill every international obligation, yet is cornestly hoped on all groupes, that the devastation of armed conflict may speedily be stayed and order and quiet restored to the distracted Island, bringing in their train

the activity and thritt of peaceful sursains. Vigorous protests against excessive fines imposed on our ships and marchants by the ships, officers of these islands for trivial errors have Receipts of wheat 10-day, 35 cars; a year though the venulous practice has not age 19 cars.

errs of Christians in Armenia and the de-velopment there, and in other districts, of he spirit of tanutic hostility to Christian in-nuences naturally excited approbasion for the infets of the devoted men and women, who as dependents of the foreign infusionary societtes in the United States all reside in Turkey under the guarantee of law and coage undin the legitimate performance of their educa-tional and relations mission. No efforts have been spared in their behalf and their protection a person and property has been earniestly and vigorously unforced by every means within our power. The presence of our naval vessels which are now in the vicinity of the disturbed locarities familiarity with the condition of affairs and vill sugble us to take sultable steps for the within reach of our abligation might be found

The Financial Situation.

As we inre from a review of our foreign re-lations to the contemplation of our nations financial situation we are immediately aware that we approach a subject of domestic concom more important that any other that can change our attention and one at present in such a perplexing and delicate predicament as to require prempt and wise treatment. We may well be surouraged to carnest effort in taken toward improving our economic and disa-cial situation, and when we appreciate how well the way has been prepared for incline progress by an aroused and intelligent popular interest in these subjects. By command of the people. expense of the great majority of our country-ries and which, while includent for the purjuse of revenue, curtailed our trade relations and impeded our entrance to the markets of the world, has been supercuded by a tar-

to polley which in principle is trand upon a denial of the right of the government to obstruct the avenues to our people's cheap living or lesson their com-fort and contentment, for the sake of according especial advantages to favorites, and which while encouraging our intercourse and trade with other nations, recognize the fast that American self-rediance, thrift and inconuity can build up our country's fudustries and develop its resources more sucely than enerand coinage of Siver by the government, unchecked and unregulated by business condi-tions and heedless of our currency needs. which for more than fitten years diluted our circulating medium, under-mined confidence abroad in our financial ability and at last culminated in distress and panic at home has been recently stopped by M. Robinson, Goodland, Kan.:

The repeal of the laws which forced this seekless scheme upon the country. The things extreme importance and beneficent effects, fell far short of curieg the monetary cylis from

large rotume during the late civil was and in-It will be seen by a reference to the debates in congress at the time laws were pusced authorizing the types of these notes that their advocates declared they save intended for only temporary use and to meet she emergines of war. In almost, if not all, the laws relating to then some provision was made-entemplating demand. country, so that at the close of the year 804 they amounted to \$80,000,000. Instead and after that date and in Japanery, 1979, a law was packed providing for the resumption of special payment, by which the sentencing of the krea-usy was required, whose resemblishmal atrealistics was breast to cathered banks Second the government representation that the creek of bridge Comma is drawn to reside the control of the proceeding of the proceeding of the proceeding of the procedure of the

birration should include the whose controversy birrier to provide and prepare for such re-described the secretary of the treatury was comed by permitted to draw an arbitrary line sutherized net only to use any surplus reve-thems in the territory in delete and its dealers. cornel is permitted to draw an arbitrary line through the territory in delate and to define the set of the growth that it will assume to arbitrarize only the purities it will assume to arbitrarize only the purities it will assume to the distance of these conclusions the distance in question called upon the British government for a definite amount to the question whether it would as would not subject the territorial controversy between itself and Venarue's in the entirety to impurities and veneral and the entirement of these relationships and reference in the masser of the British government has not yet been received, but is expected shortly, when further communication so the subject will probably be made to the congress.

Entry in January last an upprising against not yet been received out is expected shortly, when further communication on the subject will probably be made to the congress.

Sarry in January last an uprising against the government of Hawall was promptly suppressed. Married haw was forthwith pre-claimed and numerous arrests were made of persons suspented of being in sympathy with the received may be redeemed of the repaired party. Among these were several the royalist party. Among these were several by received take the treasury, under any states of the United States, who were either law, from any source whatever, and convicted by a military court and scaloured shall belong to the United States they shall belong to the United States they shall shall belong to the United States, they shall not be retired, canceled, or destroyed, but they parted without trial. The United States, while denying protection to such as had been such as the Hawatian cash of allegiance insisted that mattail have through abering the force of justice could not superced justice itself and domanded a stay of execution until the proceedings had been submitted to this should and account and account of the government and accounted to this government and accounted their or the proceedings had been submitted to this special and accounted and accounted to this government and accounted to this government and accounted to the special content of the submitted to this special and accounted the provided. The government was put in the anomalous situation of government and anawedges obtained there-from that our efficient and received fall trial owing to the noiders of these notes debts payable in gold of demand, which could neither be muted or were remitted on condition of leaving retired by receiving such notes in discharge of characterists.

Apper line formished abundant evidence of by actual payment in gold. It was forced to her visable and the payment in cold. It was forced to redeem without redemption and to pay without

tion in some respects more netive than the had might be from time to time in the treasury proceeding vevolt, which continued from 1868, available for the same purpose, has been since called our gold reserve and \$100,081050 has been regarded as an adequate amount to accomplish has object. This find amounted on the 1st day of January, 1879, to \$114,090,085 and though thereafter constantly fluctuating. whatever may be the traditional sympathy fur that in payment for allver resture notes of our countrymen as lucividuals with people of the United States should be issued payable on demand in gold or allver coin at the discre-

GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKET.

Prices Continue Low With a Decided

Bearish Tendency. HANNAS CITY, Dec. 4 - A liew curs of go soid on 'chance this morning early but the board adjourned at it o'clock to give the mem-bers ar emportually to attend the inneral st Ex-Presiden! Atten. There was no change in

boon abally discontinued.

Occurrences in Turkey have continued to faulte concern. The reported massaares of Christians in Armenia and the de-@ Mc. Soft. No. 2 red. nominally the No. 1 red. 1 car good Se: rejected, nominally 4.5650; no grade, nominally 556400. Spring, No 2, 2 cars 50, 2 cars 50, 10, No 3, I car 50, 6; rejected, nominally 476510; white spring, nominally 507,540.

a few curs of corn sold at steady prices. Ex-porters bld He to No less than they puld yesterday, but no sales were reported at the de-cline. Some white corn sale at 22c and blds were might style for mixed corn, with 1821-c billing to Memphis. Receipts of corn to-day, 25 cars: a year ago,

Sales by sample on track, Kansas City: No.

S mixed, 4 cars, special billing #340. S onto Etc. 12 cars E34c, 3 ours 224q; No. 3 mixed, nonlinally 25c; No.4 mixed, nominally 25c; no grade. nominally ble: white, 23e bid. The samples of outs offered sold readily at Riccipts of cats to-day, it cars: a year ago,

13 Mic No. 2 white, 3 cars for No. 3 white, 2 cars 18c, 1 car 1840.

Sales by sample on track. Kansas City: No. 1

No. 2, \$1,50@7,50; fanoy pratric, \$7,03 (7,50); choice, \$4,50; No. 1, \$4,50@600; No. 2, \$4,50@600; packing hay, \$1.00 \$4.00.

SZ Louis Dec 4.—Recsipts, wheat 20,113 bn: last year, 10,233 bn: corn, 17,250 bn; last year, 35,970 bn.: cats, 21,000 bn.: last year, 21,000; shipments; wheat, 32,000 bn.: corn, 48,460 bu.; cais, 7.60) bu. Closing prices: Whent-Cush, 60% bid: Docember, 57e bid: Siny, 61% bid Curn—Cash, 349,34%; December, 54%; January, 23%; bid: May, 25%; Outs—Cash, 17%; December, 17%; May, 25% bid.

Kansas City Produce-KANSAN CITT, Dec. t Buller - Creamory, separator, EC; firsts, 18 mile: dalry, fancy, 142 15c; store packed, fresh, 19 mile: of grades, 8c; country roll, fancy, foliation choice, 102 ift

Eggs-Strictly fresh candled stock, 18%c per doz : cold storage, 1414c. Poultry-Hous, so; springs, 698%c; brollers 7c: roosters, Ec; young, 20c: turkeys, 514c; ducks, Te: geese, young, fat, for old, 5c; pig-

eons, Se per don.

Fruits-Apples-Funcy, \$2.25\2.50 per tol.;
choice, \$1.75\2.50; common to good, \$1.90\2.50
per bbl. Granberries, \$7.50\3.00 per bbl.

Appointed Agent. ERMETSHURG, Ia., Sept. 27.

DEAR SIR-You may say that Brooks Irrone formerly was the agent of the American Investment company and did some little business for me before he which we suffer as a result of iner indulgence in it stylent fagnetal expedients. The currency denominated United States cases and to attend to my business any longer community known as greenbacks was issued in my agent in his place, and you are hereby authorised to demand and colfect any and all 1805 rentals on the lands controlled by me in Sherman county, Kan, and your receipt for parties for each rentals will be complete evidence that they have paid, and they ten appointed by the convention of their horse and wagon. Buildings in will be protected against any other ten appointed by the convention of southeast Mis. Buttler were staken and much glass demand. F. E. Alles, Receiver. American Investment Company.

AMONG THE POWERS.

Submit the Venezuelan Question to

Artistration - Gen Gonzales to He Shot.

mans for the passing in of extra guard- life of horrible crime. He was arrested tian subjects of the sub-p.

herd Sallaburr's Kepty. Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan diplomatic usage.

see. Concales to the Shot-

tried by court martial and convicted

REPORM IN PENNSYLVANIA.

lature. The plank advocated a form of mouth, O. givil service which would prevent publie officers from Influencing elections; insure freedom and fairness in the Iwo Negro Institutions lie and as a Besalt award of public contracts; punish any form of favoritism in the grant of

purposes, etc. ALLOTTING LANDS.

C. N. Bennett, private secretary to Sec- is presumed that the bitterness led to flay-Receipts, 3s cars; market steady; retary Hoke Smith. Mr. nonnext is the fire flag and was not yet occupied. Timothy-Choics \$10.00211.0: No. 1, \$5.50.22.50; now in Phoenix and will this week completed and was not yet occupied. No. 2, \$1.50.27.50; fancy prairie, \$7.03.7.50; commence the division of the Gila The inecadiaries, two in number, had Bend, Pima and Maricopa Indian res- saturated it with oil, and were seen ervations into ten-acre tracts. The setting fire to it, and fired upon by a land is of good quality and can be irris neighbor. The flames spread to the gated from canals of the American Lines Orphaus' home, which was occu-Construction Co. The great Sacaton plot. All the children were researed reservation on the Salt and Gila rivers without bajury.

BUSINESS BLOCKS BURNED.

will not be allotted.

Bowle, Yex., Came Near Having a Holo-CHURL

Bowie, Tex., Dac. 4 .- This town came near having a holocaust yesterday meeting of the general making of the morning at 8 o'clock. Fire was discor- Epworth league of the Methodist ered in the sleeping rooms of the Salee shurch was held here to-day, Blahop restaurant, which spread, completely J. S. Fitz rorald, of New Orleans, destroying two principal business blocks. The family of Mr. Saleo bareif the meeting was the compleity escaped with their lives. All were severely burned, especially a synur be laid before the general conold babe and a German girl who was ference of the Methodist church in in the employ of Sales. None are dead, Cleveland next May. The question of but doctors are doubtful as to their re- lisagreement between the Methodist

Frank Hull, the wife of a farmer near committee of Christian Endeavorers. here, found a welf trap in a lonely spot, recently, and in examining it, accidently touched the heavy steel size-discrete Causes Two Deaths and spring, and her hand was cought. Her the Destruction of Valuable Property. efforts to raise the spring with her He man, Pa., Dec. 4. The magazine other hand were unavailing, and the of the Humas Torpedo Co., \$ miller pain soon rendered her unconscious south of Butler, was blown up this She remained a captive several hours, morning by the explosion of 1,000 when her friends found her almost pounds of nitroglycurine. George lifeless form and released her.

Beston and J. Black, who were in the lifeless form and released her.

De Soto to Scenre the College. sourl held a meeting at Bismarck yes, was shattered. Nothing whatever retesday to locate a college for their manus of the magazine building. church in this section, with the result

NO SYMPATHY FOR THE SELTAN A CONVICT MAKES A CONFESSION OF RES CREEKES.

Lord Salisbury Replies to Secretary Olney's A Chicago Man Stahs Another While on a Yeusenglan Demands:

The British Premier, it is Said, Will Not A Cambier at Chicago Enifes Aunthor May Detore Woman Because He Knocks Against Him Through the Jorking of the Car.

CONSTANTINGPLE, Dec. 4. - When FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 4 .- John C. Great Britain threatened to force the Stone, alias "Vinson" has made a conpassage of the Dardanelles if the fir- fession to Sheriff Claumnier detailing a ships were not granted, the sullan ap- with John Duny and William Walrath pealed personally to Russia, Austria, for attempting to kill Deputy Sheriff. Germany and France, begring them | Harrod in May last. Stone is under a not to press their demands, calling teo years' sentence and Duffy's case their attention to the efforts he went to the jury last night. Stone was making to restore order and tells that he and Walrath were memprevent further outbreaks, and bers of Bill Dalton's western gang of dwelling strongly upon the danger bank and stage robbers. He says he, of an uprising of the Mussulmans Duffy and Walrath killed a man at throughout the empire if he were sub- Kansas City in 1883, robbed him, but January has purphased anumental evidence of the constitutes another greatness. We have that constitutes another greatness. We have government of the United States by the exposurement and to extract to recognize her wonderful by the resumption and the first to recognize her wonderful to the first to recognize her wonderful to the first to recognize her wonderful the gold in the transity created a gold fand deemed sufficient to meet the demands advancement and to extract to be remained on the first to recognize her wonderful to the body was out the gold in the transity created a gold fand deemed sufficient to meet the demands which much be made upon it for the fodermption and to extract the body was out to places and thrown into Lake Erie.

The next morning Clarence and Stone which much be made upon to the lig Four yards in the first fodermption and to extract the demands which much be made upon it for the fodermption and to extract the body was out to place and thrown into Lake Erie.

The next morning Clarence and Stone which was not considered to places and thrown into Lake Erie.

The next morning Clarence and Stone palace cotorio has been apparently and one liters, a salocular open, killed a boy to the lig Four yards in the transity of the body was out to place and the bo jected to such a slight holding that gave the money to Henry Donnelly, the mere fact of sending the additional a policeman, for protection. He also would not net in necord with and one Barns, a saloonkeeper, killed Great Britain and that there a wealthy western farmer who was fore Russia, France and even Germany looking for a good time. The money might be counted upon, if it came was divided and Stone and Walrath reto a decisive crisis, to oppose any see turned to Chicago and with their share tive interference by Great Britain. It started a restaurant. Here Walrath became positively known to-day, how- married Stone's sister. Mrs. Walrath ever, that Russia is really in accord died and later Stone and Walrath left with the powers, and that the sultan Chicago. Later Stone returned and need look for no sympathy from the was implicated in the murder of a ezar or his advisers in anything in any father and son. Three men are now way tonding to theart the determina serving life sentences at Jollet, but tion of the powers to have order re- Stone was not arrested. Murders were stored throughout the Turkish minure committed at Dunkirk, N. Y., and and measures faken for the protection Union city. Pa. The last marder comof the lives and murarty of all Chris mitted by Stone, Walrath and Duffy was on April 19, 1895, on a Pennsylvania freight train. At this time Loybox, Dec. 1.—The reply of the Stone was shot and did not get medi-marquis of Salisbury to the note of eal aid until South Rend was reached.

Stabbed on a Cubic Car. question, the Associated press learns, Curvaco, Dec. 4.- Joseph T. Jenkins is on board the White Star line stanniship Britannic, due at New York Friday. The essence of the document is said to be that Great Britain refuses in high and a carload of passengers, submit to arbitration any of the terrimany of whom were women, saw Jentory within the Schomberg line Some Sins draw a knife and plange it into
surprise is expressed at the fact that the left side of Macklin's neek. A the reply is not sent through the United States embassy, but t explains that this is in accord with panic. The women jamen from their seat, and ran screaming to the front HAVANA, Dec. 6 -Gen. Gonzales, the platform. The knife blade broke and HAVANA, Dec. 6.—Gen. Gonzeles, the remained in the wound. At the hospital insurgent leader, after having been Macklin's wound was pronounced faof taking up two against the govern-ment, was to-my sell-teneed to be shot. He said he got on the car at Madison and Clark streets and had stood up to give his sent to a woman Scenator Quay Appoints a Committee to and the car started quickly and the Draw Up a Radical Measure sudden jerk threw him against Jen-PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 4.-State Chair- kins, who occupied the next seat. Jenman Quay has appointed a sub-com- king became caraged and a quarrel enmittee of the state committee to draft | med which resulted in the stabbing. a bill embodying the resolutions in the Lukins, who is well known to the poreform plank to the platform adopted lice as a gambier, was arrested. He at the last republican convention. The says Muchtin tried to drag him off bill will be presented to the next logis- the car. Mackilu's home is in Ports-

INCESDIARY FIRE.

of a Quarcel. New Om mane. Dec. 4.—The Lafon Old Folks' Methodist home and the franchises; bring about a uniform basis | United Orphans' and Wido we home, op-of valuation of property for public | waste each other on Delantaise and posite each other on Delachaise and South Robertson, were both completely destroyed by fire yesterday. It was The Glia Bend, Pims and Maricopa Reser- of Incendiary origin. They were colvatious Being Divided for Indians. | nred charity institutions. There was PHENIX, Art., Dec. 4.—The interior a quarrel over the control of the Lafon department has commenced the work home between the bity and clergy of mixed 2 cars 18c; No. 5, nominally 18216c; of allotting innds to Indians in sever-the African Methodist church, but the No. 5, nominally 182144c; no grade, nominally alty and the matter is in the hands of

EPWORTH LEAGUE LEADERS.

They Meet in New York for a Husiques Session-l'ommittee to Meet Christian Endearnrers.

New York, Dec 4 .- The semi-annual shareb and Christian Endeavorers was A Woman Caught in a West Trap. discussed and the cabinet decided to SREGRANT BLUFFS, In., Dec. 4.—Mrs. appoint a committee to meet a like

DEADLY EXPLOSION.

magazine, were blown to atoms, white De Soro, Mo., Dec. 4.—The committee only shreds and aplinters centain of

Several year books of the agricultarial department has been sent to THE Rarchard by Congressman Baker for distribution. These desiring one of this parameter is in operation by next from can have same by calling after fail.

Popular Senates independent Washing or the sound at a secret maintain a school members of the sound at a secret members of the sound in the parties of the sound at a secret members of the sound at a secret members of the sound in the parties of the sound at a secret members of the sound at a secret memb Popular Senature Independents fer, Allem Kyle, Britler, Jones, of No. such and Stoward were present and Karam Core, Ma, Dra. t .- Command there were no distent available the propby position. It was nice decided to nonlovic candidates for the various offices in case the other parties thought do no.